# FIBER TOOL USER GUIDE

# FIRE DESIGN OF SPEEDCORE WALLS (C-PSW/CF) AND CFT COLUMNS

Version I.0 - Beta

#### **Fiber Model**

The Fiber Model serves as a simplistic tool for engineers that can be used to simulate the standard fire behavior of C-PSW/CF wall systems and CFT columns with reasonable accuracy and lesser computing time than finite element models.

This tool consist of three main major parts including:

1. 2 D heat transfer of the applied thermal loading through the composite cross-section using heat balance equations.

2. Moment – Curvature (M- $\phi$ ) response of the C-PSW/CF wall system and CFT column's cross-section for the given axial loading and elevated temperatures computed in part lusing fiber models.

3. Overall axial and lateral displacement-time behavior of the C-PSW/CF wall systems and CFT columns under fire loading using Newwark's method for inelastic column buckling, the obtained temperatures from part 1 and the corresponding section Moment – Curvature response (part 2)



Discretized composite section into elements

### A. How to use the tool:

The user can modify the input parameter such as dimensions, material properties, fire scenarios, etc. The output file's name can be defined by the user. For easier interaction of the user with the tool, the definition of each parameter was provided within the script. Two versions of the current tool were developed compatible with Matlab and Octave. The screenshots of the fiber tool script (from Matlab) have been used in the current user guide document, explaining how to input the parameters. The same script was used for the input information section for Octave version.

To run the program the user needs to open "main\_function\_final.m". In this file, the user can input the parameters and define the name of the output file's name. After analysis completion, the detailed results like stresses, strains, etc. within the cross-section will be stored in Matlab/Octave. The design results and general analysis result (such as axial displacement and temperatures) will be exported to excel. The development of a Graphical User Interface (GUI) for the current tool is in progress which will provide an easier interaction of the user with the tool and interactive plots of the results.

#### To use the tool:

- 1. Launch Matlab or Octave
- 2. Go to Open > main\_function\_final.m
- 3. Define the input parameters in the input information section.
- 4. Run the code.

# **B. Input information:**

The "Input" section is separated from rest of the scripts by defining the beginning and the end of the section as shown below:

The details of the sections including the definition of the parameters along with screenshots from the script are provided in the following

Beginning of the input section:

End of the input section:

The Input Information involves seven main sections:

- 1. <u>Analysis type</u>
- 2. <u>Geometric properties</u>
- 3. <u>Fiber discretization</u>
- 4. <u>Loading</u>
- 5. <u>Material properties</u>
- 6. <u>Heating properties</u>
- 7. <u>Name of the output files</u>

pages.

1. <u>Select analysis type</u>: Define the type of the structural element and the analysis



Case	Analysis type	Heating scenario	Applicable section
1	1-sided strip* - Unit width segment	1 side (web)	C-PSW/CF
2	2-sided strip* - Unit width segment	2 sides (web)	C-PSW/CF
4	4-sided section - Whole section	Four sides	CFT & C-PSW/CF

\* For unit width segment method of wall only use the time-temperatures cases 15 to 19

#### 2. <u>Geometric properties</u>: Input the dimensions of the section



#### 2. Geometric properties



C-PSW/CF wall

CFT column

#### 3. Fiber discretization: Define the number of elements in concrete along x and y axis





#### 5. <u>Material properties</u>: (i) Define the properties of the material (at ambient temperature)

#### (iii) Select the material stress-strain model



6. <u>Heating properties</u>: (i) select the fire time-temperature case



... ...

#### (ii) Define the Eurocode compartment fire time temperature curve



#### (ii) Define the Eurocode compartment fire time temperature curve

Occupancy	Fire growth rate	t <sub>lim</sub> (min)		
Dwelling	Medium	20		
Hospital (room)	Medium	20		
Hotel (room)	Medium	20		
Library	Fast	15		
Office	Medium	20		
Classroom of a school	Medium	20		
Shopping	Fast	15		
Theatre (cinema)	Fast	15		
Transport (public space)	Slow	25		

Adopted from Eurocode 1 Part 1.2 (CEN, 2002)

# (iii) Define convection and radiation information



7. Name of the output files: The results of the analysis will be written in three excel files. The name of the files can be defined



# **C. Running the program:**

After inputting the parameters, the program is ready to run. The analysis time can be tracked from the command window. In the figure below, a screenshot of the command window during running the code is shown.



# **D.** Analysis results: (Design results)

**Design results** file includes  $P_{no}(T)$ ,  $EI_{eff}(T)$ ,  $P_e(T)$ ,  $P_n(T)$  of the cross-section, calculated based on the temperature of the elements at the maximum surface temperature and the estimated fire resistance rating (for walls). Also, the temperature of the elements through the thickness will be provided in the file. An example of the design output file are shown below:

Analysis time (min)	27.2067				
Max. Surface Temperature (C)	497.6866				
OOP displacement (mm)	0.19527				
Pno_T (kN)	1883.4378				
EI_eff_T(kN.m2)	8351.1633				
Pe_T(kN)	2289.5188				
Pn_T(kN)	643.063				
Fire resistance rating (R)-hr (only wall)	1.3353				
Cross section temperature profile					
Steel ele	Concrete ele	Concrete ele	Concrete ele	Concrete ele	
495.0905	368.9227	188.7766	108.7658	71.1952	

The utilized equations for design outputs are presented in the next page.

#### **D.** Analysis results: (Design results)

The utilized equations to calculate  $P_{no}(T)$ ,  $EI_{eff}(T)$ ,  $P_e(T)$ ,  $P_n(T)$  and the fire resistance rating of C-PSW/CF are presented below:

 $P_{no}(T) = A_s f_y(T) + \sum_{i=concrete\_ele} A_{ci} f_{ci}'$  $C_{2} = 0.45 + 3(A_{a} / A_{a}) \le 0.9$  $EI_{eff}(T) = E_s I_s + \sum_{i=concrete \ ele} C_3 E_c I_c$  $P_e(T) = \frac{\pi^2 E I_{eff}(T)}{\left(L_e\right)^2}$  $P_n(T) = 0.32^{\left(\frac{P_{no}(T)}{P_e(T)}\right)^{0.3}} P_{T}(T)$  $P_{n}(T) = 0.45^{\left(\frac{P_{no}(T)}{P_{e}(T)}\right)^{0.3}} P(T)$ 

Nominal axial compressive strength of zero length

Coefficient for calculation of effective rigidity of filled composite compression member

Effective stiffness of composite section

Elastic critical buckling load

Nominal axial strength for C-PSW/CF

Nominal axial strength for CFT

 $R = \left[ -18.5 \left( \frac{P_u}{P_n} \right)^{\left( 0.24 - \frac{L/t_{sc}}{230} \right)} + 15 \right] \left( \frac{1.9 t_{sc}}{200} - 1.0 \right) < 8hr$ 

Fire resistance rating of C-PSW/CF

Note: The following limitations should be satisfied to use the fire resistance rating equation:

a)  $\frac{L}{t_{sc}} \le 20$  b)  $t_{sc} \le 600mm$  c)  $\frac{P_u}{P_n} \le 0.20$ 

# **D.** Analysis results: (Analysis result)

Analysis result file includes the time, surface temperature, axial displacement and out-of-plane displacement of the member during the heating. An example of the result file is shown below:

Time (min)	Surface temperature (C)	Axial displacement (mm)	Out-of-plane displacement (mm)
1.0074	37.4274	0.12769	0.12055
2.0107	55.0484	0.50432	0.12025
3.0239	72.8437	0.89432	0.12031
4.0293	90.5015	1.3422	0.12046
5.0417	108.2829	2.3698	0.12118
6.0426	125.8625	3.4193	0.12271
7.048	143.5201	4.5226	0.12449
8.0571	161.2429	5.755	0.12646
9.0691	179.0182	6.9944	0.12862
10.0836	196.8346	8.2405	0.13098
11.0903	214.5232	9.4778	0.1335
12.0971	232.2126	10.7151	0.13608
13.1039	249.9021	11.9528	0.13875
14.1107	267.5918	13.1931	0.14155
15.1176	285.2819	14.4361	0.14453
16.1244	302.9724	15.681	0.1477
17,1313	320,6636	16.9273	0.15106

# **D.** Analysis results: (Temperatures result)

The temperature of the elements will be recorded in **Temperatures result** file. The elements' temperature for each time step will be saved in separate sheets. An example of the temperatures result file is shown below:

		535.839	534.6409	533.6435	533.3949	533.3394	533.328	533.3281	533.34	533.3972	533.6472	534.6427	535.8389
		534.6426	457.1199	362.7391	340.4573	335.8396	334.9081	334.9082	335.8403	340.4598	362.7431	457.1219	534.6426
		533.6457	362.7413	160.1523	116.5378	104.7118	101.7229	101.7229	104.7118	116.538	160.1526	362.7415	533.6457
Concrete element temperature		533.3954	340.4578	116.5379	70.53137	54.5034	49.83101	49.83101	54.50342	70.53141	116.5379	340.4579	533.3954
		533.3395	335.8397	104.7118	54.50341	36.38196	30.97676	30.97676	36.38197	54.50341	104.7118	335.8397	533.3395
Steel element temperature		533.328	334.9081	101.7229	49.83101	30.97676	25.32776	25.32776	30.97676	49.83101	101.7229	334.9081	533.328
		533.328	334.9081	101.7229	49.83101	30.97676	25.32776	25.32776	30.97676	49.83101	101.7229	334.9081	533.328
		533.3395	335.8397	104.7118	54.50341	36.38196	30.97676	30.97676	36.38196	54.50341	104.7118	335.8397	533.3395
		533.3954	340.4579	116.5379	70.53139	54.50341	49.83101	49.83101	54.50341	70.53139	116.5379	340.4579	533.3954
		533.6457	362.7415	160.1525	116.5379	104.7118	101.7229	101.7229	104.7118	116.5379	160.1525	362.7415	533.6457
		534.6426	457.1217	362.7415	340.4579	335.8397	334.9081	334.9081	335.8397	340.4579	362.7415	457.1217	534.6426
		535.8389	534.6426	533.6457	533,3954	533.3395	533.328	533.328	533.3395	533,3954	533.6457	534.6426	535.8389

#### Notations

$A_{s}$	Area of steel in the composite cross section
$A_{c}$	Area of concrete in the composite cross section
t <sub>sc</sub>	Wall thickness
L	Wall/column height
$f_y$	Yield strength of steel
$f_{c}^{'}$	Compressive strength of concrete
$E_s$	Modulus of elasticity of steel
$E_{c}$	Modulus of elasticity of concrete
$I_s$	Moment inertia of steel
$I_c$	Moment inertia of concrete
$P_u$	Axial loading
$P_{no}(T)$	Nominal axial compressive strength of zero length at elevated temperatures
$C_3$	Coefficient for calculation of effective rigidity of filled composite compression member
$EI_{eff}(T)$	Effective stiffness of composite section at elevated temperature
$P_e(T)$	Elastic critical buckling load at elevated temperature
$P_n$	Nominal axial strength at ambient temperature $P_n = 0.658^{\frac{2\pi n}{P_e}} P_{no}$
$P_n(T)$	Nominal axial strength at elevated temperature
R	Fire resistance rating of C-PSW/CF